	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	T 1	J	K	_		
1	7								with Non		IX			
2	User Selected Options		· .	Nonparametric Background Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects										
3	Date/Time of Computation			8/2/2013 11:56:06 AM										
4	From File			WorkSheet.xls										
5		Full Precision			OFF									
6	Conf	idence (Coefficient	95%										
7			Coverage	95%										
8	rent or Futu	re K Ob	servations	1	1									
9														
10	Aroclor													
11														
12	General Statistics													
13			Total N	umber of Observa	63		Number of Distinct Observations					50		
14				Number of De	etects	cts 19 Number of Non-Dete				on-Detect	s	44		
15			Nun	ber of Distinct De	etects	18			Number o	umber of Distinct Non-Detects			32	
16				Minimum E		4.95				Minimum Non-Detect			1.3	
17				Maximum D		20.45				Maximum Non-Detect			18	
18				Variance Det		17.2				Percent Non-Detects			69.84%	
19				Mean Det		9.097				SD Detected			4.147	
20	Mean of Detected Logged Data					2.127			SD of Detected Logged Data				0.395	
21														
22						Values for Background Threshold Values (BTVs)								
23		nce Factor K (For	UTL)	2.007				d2ma	x (for USL	.)	3.045			
24														
25	Nonparametric Distribution Free Background Statistics													
26	Data appear to follow a Discernible Distribution at 5% Significance Level													
27														
28			Ka		an Meier (KM) Background Statistics Assuming Normal Distribution Mean 4.248 SD								4.057	
29			01		Mean	4.248 12.79			95% KM UPL (4.257	
30				5% UTL95% Cov % KM Chebyshev		22.95				95% 90% KM Pe	,	9.703		
31		95% KM Percent		11.25						14.15				
32	95% KM USL					17.21		99% KM Percentile (z) 14.1						
33				95 /0 KW	TOOL	17.21								
34	Nonparametric Uppper Limits for BTVs(no distinction made between detects and nondetects)													
35	Order of Statistic, r					-		95% UTL with95% Coverage					18	
36 37	Approximate					1.632	Co	Confidence Coefficient (CC) achieved by UTL					0.83	
38	95% UPL					15.68		95% USL 20.						
39	95% KM Chebyshev UPL					22.95	33% 662 26.							
40			- 30	2										
41	١	Note: Th	ne use of U	SL to estimate a l	BTV is	recomme	nded only	when the d	ata set rer	resents a l	oackgroun	d		
42														
43	data set free of outliers and consists of observations collected from clean unimpacted locations. The use of USL tends to provide a balance between false positives and false negatives provided the data													
44		represents a background data set and when many onsite observations need to be compared with the BTV.												
45		-								•				
70														